

KRASO GMBH & CO. KG Baumannweg 1 | 46414 Rhede T +49(0)2872-9535-0 S +49(0)2872-9535-888 info@kraso.de | KRASO.de

TEST CERTIFICATE

University of Stuttgart Materials Testing Institute PO box 801140 • 70511 Stuttgart



Documentation of results for testing a hose adapter

Report no.:	903 2404 001	
Client:	Krasemann GmbH & Co. KG Max-Planck-Str. 2 D-46414 Rhede	
Order no. (client):		
Order no. (MPA):	903 2404 000 /Hh/Os/Scr	
Test object:	KRASO® hose adapter including hose	connector
Test specification with issue date:	Bubble test	
Date of receipt of the test object:	3 August 2016	
Test date:	3 to 5 August 2016	
Report date:	9 August 2016	
Page 1 of	3 pages of text	
Supplements:	1	
Appendices:		certified as true translation
Total number of pages:	4	of the original PTS GmbH
Number of copies:	1 x Krasemann GmbH & Co. KG	L-9910 Troisvierges

The test results relate exclusively to the test specimens.

Publication of this report (also of extracts) is permitted only with the written consent of the Materials Testing Institute of the University of Stuttgart.

Dimensions and weights are not guaranteed • Colour deviations may occur between the illustrated and delivered product • Subject to technical changes • All rights to the drawings and designs are the property of **KRASO** GmbH & Co. KG • Reproduction and distribution of the drawings and any other use require our written consent unserer Schriftlichen Zustimmung

26.03.25



TEST CERTIFICATE

University of Stuttgart Materials Testing Institute

Report no.: **903 2404 001** Page 2 of 3 pages of text

1 Task

The test object is a **KRASO® hose adapter including hose connector** pre-installed by the client (Figure 1, Attachment 1). This was to be examined with regard to leakage. Due to the fact that soft components are involved, which react to pressure changes with a change in volume, the familiar procedures such as pressure drop, pressure increase and differential pressure methods are not used as evidence methods, even though these could be used for qualitative, but not quantitative, statements regarding the leakage rate. The vacuum or sniffer method fails because the helium leakage, due to the relatively thin material, would take place over the entire surface and not only over the connection points.

This ultimately only left the bubble test.

2 Examinations carried out

The test object is put into an enclosing tube together with two sealing inserts (Figure 2, Attachment 1) and clamped there. A valve, which is attached to the tube on the outside, can be used to apply the test pressure with compressed air. The test pressure therefore takes effect on the test object from the outside. The leakage can escape inside in the form of bubbles and be evidenced by means of visual inspection.

It was able to be established that no visible leakage occurred in the form of bubbles, either at the sealing inserts or at the valve.

3 Test results

At a test pressure of 2.5 bar, only occasional bubbles were able to be observed at an interval of approx. 3 minutes. The bubbles had a volume of approx. 1 mm³ (estimated).

The leakage rate is therefore $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$ ml/180 s. That equates to an absolute leakage rate of approx. $6 \cdot 10^{-6}$ ml/s and a specific leakage rate of approx. $1,3 \cdot 10^{-5}$ ml/(s·m) (all figures are conservatively rounded).

4 Summary

A pre-installed **KRASO[®] hose adapter including hose connector** was examined for leakage according to the bubble test principle.

University of Stuttgart Materials Testing Institute Pfaffenwaldring 32 70569 Stuttgart (Vaihingen) VAT ID no. DE 147794196

Phone: (0711) 685 – 0 Fax: (0711) 685- 62635 Website: www.mpa.uni-stuttgart.de BW-Bank Stuttgart / LBBW Account no. 7 871 521 687 IBAN: DE51 6005 0101 7871 5216 87 BIC/SWIFT Code: SOLADESTXXX

> certified as true translation of the original PTS GmbH 1A, rue de la Laiterie L-9910 Troisvierges www.pts.lu

Dimensions and weights are not guaranteed • Colour deviations may occur between the illustrated and delivered product • Subject to technical changes • All rights to the drawings and designs are the property of **KRASO** GmbH & Co. KG • Reproduction and distribution of the drawings and any other use require our written consent unserer Schriftlichen Zustimmung

6.03.85



KRASO GMBH & CO. KG Baumannweg 1 | 46414 Rhede T +49(0)2872-9535-0 S +49(0)2872-9535-888 info@kraso.de | KRASO.de

TEST CERTIFICATE

University of Stuttgart Materials Testing Institute

Report no.: 903 2404 001 Page 3 of 3 pages of text

5 Interpretation of the result and recommendations

The size of the bubbles and the time interval are merely estimated. Nevertheless, the tested hose adapter can be attributed a high leak tightness, which ought to be close to the high-quality level according to TA Luft. As this measurement method cannot be used as evidence of the high quality according to TA Luft without elaborate validation, no attempt was made to carry out more accurate evaluations.

[Stamp]

[Signature]

Werner Ottens Experimental stress analysis department [Signature]

Dipl.-Ing Rolf Hahn Materials for extreme conditions department

> certified as true translation of the original PTS GmbH 1A, rue de la Laiterie L-9910 Troisvierges www.pts.lu

> > 26.03.25

Dimensions and weights are not guaranteed • Colour deviations may occur between the illustrated and delivered product • Subject to technical changes • All rights to the drawings and designs are the property of **KRASO** GmbH & Co. KG • Reproduction and distribution of the drawings and any other use require our written consent unserer Schriftlichen Zustimmung



KRASO GMBH & CO. KG Baumannweg 1 | 46414 Rhede T +49(0)2872-9535-0 S +49(0)2872-9535-888 info@kraso.de | KRASO.de

TEST CERTIFICATE



Dimensions and weights are not guaranteed • Colour deviations may occur between the illustrated and delivered product • Subject to technical changes • All rights to the drawings and designs are the property of **KRASO** GmbH & Co. KG • Reproduction and distribution of the drawings and any other use require our written consent unserer Schriftlichen Zustimmung